			<b>₩</b> a	etna
AETNA BE	TTER HEALTH®			
Coverage	Policy/Guideline			
Name:	Ambrisentan		Page:	1 of 5
Effective Date: 2/28/2025			Last Review Da	te: 1/2025
Amplina	⊠Illinois	□Florida	□Florida Kids	
Applies to:	☐New Jersey	$\square$ Maryland	□Michigan	
	□Pennsylvania Kids	□Virginia	□Kentucky PRMD	

#### Intent:

The intent of this policy/guideline is to provide information to the prescribing practitioner outlining the coverage criteria for ambrisentan under the patient's prescription drug benefit.

# **Description:**

#### **Indications**

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

FDA-approved Indications<sup>1,2</sup>

Indicated for the treatment of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) (World Health Organization [WHO] Group 1):

- To improve exercise ability and delay clinical worsening.
- In combination with tadalafil to reduce the risks of disease progression and hospitalization for worsening PAH, and to improve exercise ability.

Studies establishing effectiveness included predominantly patients with WHO Functional Class II-III symptoms and etiologies of idiopathic or heritable PAH or PAH associated with connective tissue diseases.

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not medically necessary.

## **Applicable Drug List:**

Letairis ambrisentan

# **Policy/Guideline:**

#### **Prescriber Specialty:**

This medication must be prescribed by or in consultation with a pulmonologist or cardiologist.

AETNIA DE	ETTER HEALTH®		<b>♦</b> a	etna
Coverage	Policy/Guideline			
Name:	Ambrisentan		Page:	2 of 5
Effective Date: 2/28/2025			Last Review Date	: 1/2025
Amaliaa	⊠Illinois	□Florida	□Florida Kids	
Applies to:	☐New Jersey	$\square$ Maryland	□Michigan	
	□Pennsylvania Kids	□Virginia	□Kentucky PRMD	

# **Coverage Criteria**

Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH)<sup>1-6</sup>

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for treatment of PAH when ALL of the following criteria are met:

- Member has PAH defined as WHO Group 1 class of pulmonary hypertension (refer to Appendix).
- PAH was confirmed by either of the following criteria:
  - Pretreatment right heart catheterization with all of the following results:
    - Mean pulmonary arterial pressure (mPAP) > 20 mmHg
    - Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) ≤ 15 mmHg
    - Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) > 2 Wood units. For pediatric members, pulmonary vascular resistance index (PVRI) > 3 Wood units x m<sup>2</sup> is also acceptable.
  - For infants less than one year of age, PAH was confirmed by Doppler echocardiogram if right heart catheterization cannot be performed.
- Requests for generic Letairis (ambrisentan): Patient is unable to take the
  preferred brand Letairis for the given diagnosis due to a trial and inadequate
  treatment response or intolerance, or a contraindication

## **Continuation of Therapy**

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for members with an indication listed in the coverage criteria section who are currently receiving the requested medication through a paid pharmacy or medical benefit, and who are experiencing benefit from therapy as evidenced by disease stability or disease

## **Appendix**

WHO Classification of Pulmonary Hypertension (PH)<sup>4</sup>

Note: Patients with heritable PAH or PAH associated with drugs and toxins might be long-term responders to calcium channel blockers.

Group 1: Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH)

- Idiopathic
  - Long-term responders to calcium channel blockers
- Heritable
- Associated with drugs and toxins

			•	aetna **
AETNA BE	TTER HEALTH®			
Coverage	Policy/Guideline			
Name:	Ambrisentan		Page:	3 of 5
Effective Date: 2/28/2025			Last Review D	ate: 1/2025
Amaliaa	⊠Illinois	□Florida	□Florida Kids	
Applies to:	☐New Jersey	$\square$ Maryland	□Michigan	
	□Pennsylvania Kids	□Virginia	□Kentucky PRMD	

- Associated with:
  - Connective tissue disease
  - Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
  - Portal hypertension
  - Congenital heart disease
  - Schistosomiasis
- PAH with features of venous/capillary (pulmonary veno-occlusive disease [PVOD]/pulmonary capillary hemangiomatosis [PCH]) involvement
- Persistent PH of the newborn

#### Group 2: PH associated with Left Heart Disease

Heart failure:

- With preserved ejection fraction
- With reduced or mildly reduced ejection fraction
- Cardiomyopathies with specific etiologies (i.e., hypertrophic, amyloid, Fabry disease, and Chagas disease)

Valvular heart disease:

- Aortic valve disease
- Mitral valve disease
- Mixed valvular disease

Congenital/acquired cardiovascular conditions leading to post-capillary PH

## Group 3: PH associated with Lung Diseases and/or Hypoxia

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and/or emphysema

Interstitial lung disease

Combined pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema

Other parenchymal lung diseases (i.e., parenchymal lung diseases not included in Group 5)

Nonparenchymal restrictive diseases:

- Hypoventilation syndromes
- Pneumonectomy

Hypoxia without lung disease (e.g., high altitude)

Developmental lung diseases

## Group 4: PH associated with Pulmonary Artery Obstructions

• Chronic thromboembolic PH

			<b>*</b> a	etna
AETNA BE	TTER HEALTH®			
Coverage	Policy/Guideline			
Name:	Ambrisentan		Page:	4 of 5
Effective Date: 2/28/2025			Last Review Da	te: 1/2025
A mulion	⊠Illinois	□Florida	□Florida Kids	
Applies to:	☐New Jersey	$\square$ Maryland	□Michigan	
	□Pennsylvania Kids	□Virginia	□Kentucky PRMD	

- Other pulmonary artery obstructions:
  - Sarcomas (high- or intermediate-grade or angiosarcoma)
  - Other malignant tumors (e.g., renal carcinoma, uterine carcinoma, germcell tumors of the testis)
  - Non-malignant tumors (e.g., uterine leiomyoma)
  - Arteritis without connective tissue disease
  - Congenital pulmonary artery stenoses
  - Hydatidosis

## Group 5: PH with Unclear and/or Multifactorial Mechanisms

- Hematological disorders, including inherited and acquired chronic hemolytic anemia and chronic myeloproliferative disorders
- Systemic disorders: Sarcoidosis, pulmonary Langerhans cell histiocytosis, and neurofibromatosis type 1
- Metabolic disorders, including glycogen storage diseases and Gaucher disease
- Chronic renal failure with or without hemodialysis
- Pulmonary tumor thrombotic microangiopathy
- Fibrosing mediastinitis
- Complex congenital heart disease

## **Approval Duration and Quantity Restrictions:**

**Approval:** 12 months

## **Quantity Level Limit:**

Letairis 5 mg tablets: 30 per 30 daysLetairis 10 mg tablets: 30 per 30 days

#### **References:**

- 1. Letairis [package insert]. Foster City, CA: Gilead Sciences, Inc.; August 2019.
- 2. Ambrisentan [package insert]. Cranbury, NJ: Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.; January 2024.
- 3. Simonneau G, Montani D, Celermajer DS, et al. Haemodynamic definitions and updated clinical classification of pulmonary hypertension. Eur Respir J. 2019;53(1):1801913. doi:10.1183/13993003.01913-2018
- 4. Kovacs G, Bartolome S, Denton CP, et al. Definition, classification and diagnosis of pulmonary hypertension. Eur Respir J. 2024;64(4):2401324. doi: 10.1183/13993003.01324-2024
- 5. Chin KM, Gaine SP, Gerges C, et al. Treatment algorithm for pulmonary arterial hypertension. Eur Respir J. 2024;64(4):2401325. doi: 10.1183/13993003.01325-2024

AETNA BE	ETTER HEALTH®		<b>♥</b> a	etna
Coverage	Policy/Guideline			
Name:	Ambrisentan		Page:	5 of 5
Effective Date: 2/28/2025			Last Review Dat	te: 1/2025
Amaliaa	⊠Illinois	□Florida	□Florida Kids	
Applies to:	☐New Jersey	$\square$ Maryland	□Michigan	
	□Pennsylvania Kids	□Virginia	□Kentucky PRMD	

6. Ivy D, Rosenzweig EB, Abman SH, et al. Embracing the challenges of neonatal and paediatric pulmonary hypertension. Eur Respir J. 2024;64(4):2401345. doi: 10.1183/13993003.01345-2024